

GISAD statement on https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/have-your-say/initiatives/13410-Cyber-resilience-act-new-cybersecurity-rules-for-digital-products-and-ancillary-services_en

GISAD (Global Institute for Structure relevance, Anonymity and Decentralisation i.G.) is an institute in founding. GISAD wants to develop a digital system (EU-D-S) from the perspective of the citizens of Europe, which can hold its own in system competition with gatekeepers and a social credit system.

The aim of GISAD is to support the creation of a holistic Marshall Plan, as called for by the President of the European Commission, Ursula von der Leyen. The core of the Marshall Plan must be a digital concept adapted to civil rights and diversity. If individual measures are taken without an overall system of their own, Europe runs the risk of losing the system competition to other economic areas such as a centrally controlled China.

• GISAD's opinion is subject to the proviso that it is to be as part of an overall digital concept understood (multiple use of the same infrastructure without additional costs).

GISAD has defined three goals on which a Marshall Plan should focus:

- 1. The optimal refinement and simple exploitation of digital data, while maintaining diversity and performance-adopted involvement of all parties involved in the value creation.
- 2. The stigma-free, lifelong digital inclusion of all citizens with incentives for self-development.
- 3. The digital guarantee of the necessary state tasks to maintain security for citizens, the economy and the state, while preserving pre-digital democratic achievements.

Challenges:

GISAD welcomes the EU Commission's intention for a cyber resilience law. However, it is doubted that even option 5 will achieve the desired purpose. Politicians always want to regulate something after the fact, when a wrong development has been identified. Moreover, legislation is increasingly moving to relieve the public sector of its responsibilities and to transfer responsibility to the private sector, especially with regard to liability. Security is the essential task of the state, which it currently no longer fulfils in the digital society. Democracy thrives on the responsible involvement of its citizens. However, this is precisely what is happening less and less in the context of digitalisation. The result is frustrated politicians, who are no longer understood by the citizens, and frustrated citizens, who are not comprehensible to politicians and are increasingly emotionalised by social media.

Fundamentally, the Ukraine war is a game changer in which the EU must finally learn to act proactively in an overall concept. Cyber resilience should be seen as one building block in an overall concept of adapted education, social assistance, economic development and free basic digital infrastructure. GISAD has commented on over 70 EU initiatives. If these initiatives were coordinated, a basic digital infrastructure could be financed from the synergy effects of an overall concept alone.

Regardless of the geographical borders after the Ukraine war or whether Putin politically survives the war, there will be a victory of the autocracies over the democracies in the cyberwar without an overall digital democratic concept. The autocracies can use surveillance and manipulation tools without much discussion.

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Without their own democratic strategy of involving as many citizens as possible in active social digital control, the democracies have nothing to counter this. Democracies cannot win the arms race for manipulation and surveillance in accordance with their fundamental rights. It is likely that democracies will increasingly give up their fundamental rights until they have dissolved in the digital transformation. In a few months, the third book in the series THE TRILLION DOLLAR GAP will be published, proving that with a digital concept of active citizen responsibility, the Ukraine war would not have happened at all!!!

Against this background, GISAD proposes the following measures:

- Alignment of the various EU initiatives with an overall concept of digital democracy, for example with the help of technical standards, which GISAD wants to develop in consultation with the democratic states.
- Introduction of a free digital infrastructure that gives every citizen the right to move anonymously on the internet, safe from backdoors. It must be possible to revoke anonymity in individual cases and after a court order in order to guarantee security.
- Introduction of a participation concept in which citizens are obliged to contribute to social, digital control in return for receiving social benefits. Neither the global players nor the security industry can take this on if they want to remain economically successful!
- Introduction of a decentralised value creation concept in which companies are integrated according
 to their performance, regardless of their size. Enabling horizontal scaling as a counter-concept to the
 vertical scaling of the global players.

